

**ASSOCIATION OF CANADA LANDS SURVEYORS  
BOARD OF EXAMINERS**

**SCHEDULE III / ITEM 2  
PROPERTY RIGHTS SYSTEMS ON CANADA LANDS**

**March 2007**

This examination consists of 11 questions on 1 page.

<b>Q. No</b>	<b>Time: 3 hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>	
		<b>Value</b>	<b>Earned</b>
1	What is the relationship between a land survey system and a registration system? Is this relationship different in a provincial system? If your answer is yes, describe the differences.	10	
2	How are Oil and Gas rights administered in the Northwest Territories and in the Yukon?	15	
3	Describe the “Mineral Rights System” in the Yukon and how it is administered.	10	
4	What is the “Mineral Rights System” in the Northwest Territories and how is it administered?	10	
5	What is the land tenure system on Indian lands in Canada?	5	
6	Explain the distinctions between sovereignty, sovereign rights and jurisdiction in public maritime law.	9	
7	Explain the various kinds of baselines used in the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (1982).	9	
8	Explain the following and identify where, when and why they are used. a) The “Thalweg” principle b) Ad Medium Filum Aquae c) The equidistance line	12	
9	“In Canada, the federal government has exclusive jurisdiction over the territorial sea and the resources of the Canadian continental margin.” Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	6	
10	The method to determine the outer limit of the juridical continental shelf is given in Article 76 of UNCLOS. What are a) the minimum limit, b) the geographic, hydrographic and/or geological parameters which define the outer bound or constraining limit, c) the geographic, hydrographic and/or geological parameters which define points along the actual limit, and d) the spacing between points along the outer limit?	8	
11	In the context of maritime boundary determination, explain the following. a) partial or half effect b) rule of proportionality c) perpendicular bisector	6	
<b>Total</b>		100	